### KENYATTA NATIONAL HOSPITAL STAFF RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEME 2011 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 JUNE 2022

### REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

Contents	rages
Trustees, professional advisers and other information	2
Report of the trustees	3 - 4
Statement of Scheme's governance disclosures	5 – 7
Statement of Trustees' responsibilities	8
Independent auditors' report	9 - 10
Statement of changes in net assets	11
Statement of net assets	12
Statement of cash flows	13
Notes to the financial statements	14 - 27

### TRUSTEES, PROFESSSIONAL ADVISERS AND OTHER INFORMATION

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Peter Mureithi

Chairman

Winnie Mwangi

Trust Secretary

Evanson Kamuri Irene Moke Calvin Nyachoti

Duncan Msafiri Stella Githaiga Richard Kamau

Retired 20 June 2022

ADMINISTRATOR

Minet Kenya Financial Services Limited

Minet House, off Nyerere Road,

P. O. Box 20102-00200

Nairobi

INVESTMENT MANAGERS

GenAfrica Asset Managers Limited

Arlington Block,14 Riverside Business Park

P. O. Box 40984-00100

Nairobi

Sanlam Investments East Africa Limited

Africa Re Centre,5th Floor P.O.Box 67262-00200

Nairobi

PROPERTY MANAGERS

**Ebony Estates Limited** 

Hughes Building P.O. Box 19815-00100

Nairobi

CUSTODIAN

Kenya Commercial Bank Limited

Piedmont Plaza, Ngong Road

P.O Box 30664-0010

Nairobi

**AUDITOR** 

King'ang'i Kamau & Company

Certified Public Accountants (Kenya) Electricity House, Harambee Avenue

P.O Box 5698 - 00200

Nairobi.

REGISTERED OFFICE

Kenyatta National Hospital

Hospital Hill Road P.O. Box 20723-00202

Nairobi

### REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES

The trustees have pleasure in submitting their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2022.

### ESTABLISHMENT, NATURE AND STATUS OF THE SCHEME

The scheme was established, and is governed, by a Trust Deed dated 28 June 2011 and amended on 22 August 2018. It is a defined contribution plan and provides, under the rules of the scheme, retirement benefits for the staff of Kenyatta National Hospital. It is an exempt approved plan under the Income Tax Act and is registered with the Retirement Benefits Authority.

### **MEMBERSHIP**

Summary	C	• •		1
Summary	OT	MINERS	ana	leavers

	Active	Deferred	Total
Total members at start of the year	4,206	431	4,637
New members	227	140	367
Less: Leavers	(107)	(78)	(185)
	( <del></del>	-	¥
Total members at end of the year	4,326	493	4,819
		Part year front less	

### RESULTS FOR THE YEAR

The statement of changes in net assets on page 11 shows an increase in the value of net assets of the scheme for the year of Shs. 596,271,320 (2021: Shs. 1,116,540,587) and the statement of net assets on page 12 shows the scheme's net assets as Shs. 5,663,894,933 (2021: Shs. 5,067,623,613). The net rate of return to be credited to members' accounts for the year is -0.3% (2021: 12.9 %)

### INVESTMENT OF FUNDS

Under the terms of their appointment GenAfrica Asset Managers Limited and Sanlam Investments East Africa Limited are responsible for the investment of available funds.

The overall responsibility for investment and performance lies with the trustees.

### REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES (continued)

As at 30 June 2022, the investments' portfolio was as follows

	2022 Shs	2022 %	2021 Shs	2021 %	RBA limits
Kenya government securities	3,328,555,944	58.72	3,017,064,549	59.85	90
Investment in equities	926,175,340	16.34	884,067,837	17.54	70
Investment property	1,081,333,606	19.07	1,053,800,000	20.91	30
Corporate bonds	18,712,954	0.33	¥.	<u></u>	30
Offshore investments	47,508,847	0.84	-	-	20
Term deposits	208,702,480	3.68	83,810,328	1.66	30
Cash and bank balances	57,910,146	1.02	1,832,906	0.04	5
		<b>V</b>	·	<del></del>	
	5,668,899,317 ======	100	5,040,575,620 ======	100	

All the investments are within the statutory limits set by Retirement Benefits Authority and Investment Policy Statement of the Scheme.

### TRUSTEES

The Trustees are appointed in accordance with the Retirement Benefits Act. The names of the Trustees are shown on page 2.

### **AUDITOR**

The Scheme auditor, King'ang'i Kamau & Co have expressed their willingness to continue in office.

Signed on behalf of the Trustees

Trustee

12 [9] 2022

### STATEMENT OF SCHEME'S GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

### Trustees in office.

Name of Trustee	Age	Category (Member- Elected/Sponsor- Nominated)	No. of meetings attended	Certified (Yes/No)	Highest qualification	Membership of other boards
Peter Mureithi	47 years	Member Elected	4	Yes	Masters degree	None
Evanson Kamuri	51 years	Sponsor Nominated	3	Yes	Masters degree	Yes; KNH DB
Calvin Nyachoti	40 years	Sponsor Nominated	4	Yes	Masters degree	None
Winnie Mwangi	47 years	Sponsor Nominated	4	Yes	Masters degree	Yes; KNH DB
Irene Moke	44 years	Member Elected	4	Yes	Bachelors degree	None
Stella Githaiga	47 years	Member Elected	4	Yes	Diploma	None
Duncan Msafiri	55 years	Member Elected	4	Yes	Higher Diploma	None

The Board of Trustees held 4 quarterly meetings during the year ended 30 June 2022. 2.

The meetings were held on the dates set out hereunder:

- a) BOT 29th September 2021
- b) BOT 10th November 2021
- c) BOT 10<sup>th</sup> March 2022 d) BOT 6<sup>th</sup> May 2022
- The composition of the Board of Trustees is as hereunder: 3.

- a) Gender balance: Female: 43% Male: 57%
- b) Skills mix: No of Trustees with financial skills: ... One......
- c) Age mix: Number of Trustees who are younger than 35 years. ... None....... Number of Trustees who are older than 35 years

### Committees of the Board of Trustees. 4.

Committee name	No. of meetings held	Any external Allowances paid to advisors, invitees (Kshs.) meetings (Yes/No) (if yes, mention the purpose)	Allowances paid to advisors, invitees (Kshs.)
Committee name	Any external Allowances paid to No. of advisors, invitees (Kshs.) meeting		Allowances paid to advisors, invitees (Kshs.)
Property and Investment Committee	5	No	Nil
Audit and Risk Committee	2	No	Nil
Administration Committee	4	Yes	20,000
Welfare Committee	4	No	Nil

### Fiduciary responsibility statement 5.

The Board of Trustees is the governing body of the Kenyatta National Hospital Staff Retirement Benefits Scheme 2011 and is responsible for the corporate governance of the Scheme.

### STATEMENT OF SCHEME'S GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

### Fiduciary responsibility statement (continued)

The Trustees are responsible for ensuring that the administration of the scheme is conducted in the best interests of the Scheme's members and the sponsor. To achieve this, the Trustees embraced their fiduciary responsibility by:

a) Acting honestly and did not improperly use inside information or abuse their position;

- b) Exercising the highest degree of care and diligence in the performance of their duties that a reasonable person in a like position would exercise in the circumstances; and
- c) Performing their duties with requisite degree of skill.

The Scheme has complied with the laws, regulations and guidelines that govern retirement benefits schemes and the scheme's business operations.

The Trustees have ensured that the fund manager has carried out all scheme investments and that all scheme assets and funds are held by the custodian.

The board charter for the Scheme has been developed.

### 6. Responsible corporate citizenship

The scheme has participated in socially responsible investments and operations and has not been involved in any activity that may undermine the well-being of the sponsor, members or the community in which it operates.

### Key outcomes

The Board of Trustees seeks to achieve the following:

- a) Building trust with the members and sponsor of the scheme so that they are satisfied with the administration of the scheme;
- b) Supporting innovation and developing solutions that meet the members' and sponsor's needs; and
- c) Ensuring that the scheme's administrative processes remain transparent and accessible to members and the sponsor.

The Board of Trustees will measure the progress towards these outcomes through:

- a) Triennial members' survey score. No survey was conducted
- b) Regular reports and feedback from the sponsor. No. of reports. Sponsor updated regularly

### 8. Annual general meeting

The Board of Trustees held the annual general meeting on ...10<sup>th</sup> December 2021... at which ....262...... members, making up ......5.6%........ of scheme members attended. The board adequately addressed the members' concerns.

### STATEMENT OF SCHEME'S GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

### 9. Members' sensitization

The board conducted the following sensitization activities (Name of sensitization forum)	Date held	No. of members who attended	Remarks
Retirement planning meeting &	18/05/2022	219	Members issues were
Members' day	07/05/2022 08/05/2022	165 177	addressed adequately

During the sensitization activity, members will be reminded of the Retirement Benefits Authority Whistle Blower portal to report any unusual occurrences in the management of scheme affairs.

### 10. Trustees remuneration policy

During the year under review, the Trustees were paid a gross sum of Kshs. 2,794,618. The payments complied with the Trustees remuneration policy of the scheme.

### 11. Board of Trustees' evaluation

The Board and individual Trustees undertook a Board evaluation on 5 May 2022.

Signed on behalf of Board of Trustees on 1219 \_\_\_\_\_\_2022

Trustees

### STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES

The Retirement Benefits (Occupational Retirement Benefit Schemes) Regulations, 2000 require the Trustees to prepare financial statements in a prescribed form for each financial year. They also require the Trustees to ensure that the Scheme keeps proper accounting records of its income, expenditure, liabilities and assets, and those contributions are remitted to the Custodian in accordance with the rules of the Scheme.

The Trustees accept responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements whether due to fraud or error. They also accept responsibility for:

- i) Designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls as they determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error;
- ii) Selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and
- iii) Making accounting estimates and judgments that are reasonable in the circumstances.

The Trustees are of the opinion that the financial statements give a true and fair view of the net assets available for benefits and changes in net assets available for benefits and the cash flows in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and the Retirement Benefits (Occupational Retirement Benefit Schemes) Regulations, 2000.

The Trustees certify that to the best of their knowledge and belief the information furnished to the auditor for the purposes of the audit was correct and complete in every respect.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Trustees on 2<sup>rd</sup> September,2022 and signed by:

For the Trustees

Trustee

Q



**Partners** 

David Ndung'u Kamau Peter G. King'ang'i

8th Floor, Suite 809 Elactricity House, Harambee Avenue P.O. Box 5698 - 00200 Nairobi, Kenya Tel: +254 020 319463, +254 020 310494 Mobile: 0722-765467 / 0722-879126 Email: info@kingangikamau.com Website: http://www.kingangikamau.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF KENYATTA NATIONAL HOSPITAL STAFF RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEME 2011

### Report on the financial statements

### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Kenyatta National Hospital Staff Retirement Benefits Scheme 2011, set out on pages 11 to 27, which comprise the statement of net assets available for benefits as at 30 June 2022, the statement of changes in net assets available for benefits and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial transactions of the scheme during the year ended 30 June 2022 and of the disposition at that date of its assets and liabilities, other than liabilities to pay retirement and other benefits falling due after the end of the year in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Retirement Benefits Act.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("ISA"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of this report. We are independent of the Scheme in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code), together with other ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Kenya. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **Other Information**

The trustees are responsible for the other information, which comprises the report of trustees as required by the Retirement Benefits Act. The other information does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Responsibilities of Trustees for the Financial Statements

The trustees are responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Retirement Benefits Act, and for such internal controls as the trustees determine are necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF

### KENYATTA NATIONAL HOSPITAL (Continued)

### STAFF RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEME 2011

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the Scheme's ability to continue as going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the Scheme or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so. Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Scheme's financial reporting process.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISA's will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Scheme's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the trustees.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Scheme's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Scheme to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entity or business activities within the Scheme to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Scheme's audit. We remain responsible for our audit opinion.

The engagement partner responsible for the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is CPA Peter G.

King'ang'i P/No 1223.

For and on behalf of Kingángikamaw & Co. Certified Public Accountants (Kenya) Nairobi, Kenya

Q. Box 5698

### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

	Note	2022 Shs	2021 Shs
CONTRIBUTIONS AND BENEFITS			
Contributions	4	659,812,091	592,062,390
Transfers in	5	77,072	915,622
Benefits payable	6	(48,140,311)	(21,973,252)
Net surplus from dealings with members		611,748,852	571,004,760
RETURNS ON INVESTMENTS			
Investment income Loss on maturity/disposal of treasury bonds (Loss)/gain on disposal of equity investments Fair value loss on offshore investments Fair value (loss)/gain on treasury bonds Fair value (loss)/gain on quoted equity investments Fair value gain on unquoted equity investments Fair value gain on investment properties Investment management expenses  NET RETURNS ON INVESTMENTS  Administrative expenses	7 14 16(a) 12 14 16(a) 16(b) 17 8	442,830,504 (6,472,921) (199,189) (7,688,653) (125,256,722) (265,008,613) 1,043,334 (17,708,486) ————————————————————————————————————	319,668,837 (8,721,510) 1,650,293 13,627,005 180,028,153 87,925,742 (14,281,071) 579,897,449
,			
Net returns on investments before taxation	-	(12,913,203)	546,915,792
Taxation charge on income from unregistered scheme	23	(2,564,329)	(1,379,965)
Net returns on investments after taxation		(15,477,532)	545,535,827
Increase in net assets during the year		596,271,320	1,116,540,587

### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS 30 JUNE 2022

	Note	2022 Shs	2021 Shs
ASSETS			
Office Equipment	10	939,467	•
Term deposits	11	208,702,480	83,810,328
Offshore investments	12	47,508,847	net
Treasury bills	13	52,607,766	199,762,873
Treasury bonds	14	3,275,948,178	2,817,301,676
Corporate bonds	15	18,712,954	-
Quoted equity investments	16(a)	852,784,225	884,067,837
Unquoted equity investments	16(b)	73,391,115	. =
Investment property	17	1,081,333,606	1,053,800,000
Bank balances	18	57,910,146	1,832,906
Contribution due	19	**************************************	52,032,646
Other receivables	20	19,121,483	167,470
		5,688,960,267	5,092,775,736
LIABILITIES			
Thursday have the	21	2,743,562	2,058,200
Unpaid benefits	22	21,275,403	22,558,500
Accrued expenses Tax payable	23	1,046,369	535,423
		25,065,334	25,152,123
NET ASSETS	24	5,663,894,933	5,067,623,613
REPRESENTED BY:			
Balances allocated to members		5,663,894,933	5,067,623,613

The financial statements on pages 11 to 27 were approved and authorised for issue by the trustees on

 $2^{rd}$  September, 2022 and were signed on their behalf by:

Trustee

Trustee

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

	Note	2022 Shs	2021 Shs
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Contributions received Transfers in Benefits paid Administrative expenses paid Tax paid		711,844,737 77,072 (47,454,948) (34,911,122) (2,053,383)	583,203,578 915,622 (22,384,595) (31,625,151) (1,133,914)
Net cash generated from operating activities		627,502,356	528,975,540
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Investment income received Proceed from disposal of financial assets Purchase of financial assets Investment management expenses paid		426,372,774 532,679,432 (1,387,521,973) (18,063,197)	334,527,265 648,929,356 (1,607,377,563) (11,714,842)
Net cash used in investing activities		(446,532,964)	(635,635,784)
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		180,969,392	(106,660,244)
MOVEMENT IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
At start of the year Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		85,643,234 180,969,392	192,303,478 (106,660,244)
At end of the year	18	266,612,626	85,643,234

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

### 1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). The measurement basis applied is the historical cost basis, except for financial assets measured at fair value as per section 'Financial instruments' below.

### Revenue recognition

Contributions receivable are accounted for in the period in which they fall due.

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the Schemes' rights to receive payment as a shareholder have been established.

Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and the effective interest rate applicable unless collectability is in doubt.

### Benefits payable

Benefits payable are accounted for in the period in which they fall due.

### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash at bank and highly liquid financial assets with original maturities of less than three months, which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in their fair value, and are used by the Scheme in the management of its short-term commitments.

### Financial instruments

All recognised financial assets that are within the scope of IFRS 9 are required to be measured subsequently at amortised cost or fair value on the basis of the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.

### Specifically:

- debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual
  cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on
  the principal amount outstanding, are measured subsequently at amortised cost;
- debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is both to collect the
  contractual cash flows and to sell the debt instruments, and that have contractual cash flows that are
  solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, are measured
  subsequently at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI);
- all other debt investments and equity investments are measured subsequently at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### 1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Impairment of financial assets

In particular, IFRS 9 requires the Scheme to measure the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses (ECL) if the credit risk on that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, or if the financial instrument is a purchased or originated credit-impaired financial asset.

However, if the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition (except for a purchased or originated credit-impaired financial asset), the Scheme is required to measure the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-months ECL. IFRS 9 also requires a simplified approach for measuring the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime ECL for trade receivables, contract assets and lease receivables in certain circumstances.

Further, at end of each reporting period, the Scheme reviews the carrying amounts of its financial assets to determine whether there is any indication that these assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated and an impairment loss is recognised in the income statement of changes in net assets whenever the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount.

### Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method or at FVTPL. However, financial liabilities that arise when a transfer of a financial asset does not qualify for derecognition or when the continuing involvement approach applies, and financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group, are measured in accordance with the specific accounting policies set out below.

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL when the financial liability is (i) contingent consideration of an acquirer in a business combination, (ii) held for trading or (iii) it is designated as at FVTPL.

### Fair value

For financial instruments traded in an organised financial market, fair value is determined by reference to quoted market prices.

Short term deposits

Short term deposits are classified as held to maturity and are stated at amortised cost.

Government securities

Government securities comprise treasury bills and treasury bonds, which debt securities are issued by the Government of Kenya. Treasury bills are classified as held to maturity and are stated at amortised cost while treasury bonds are classified as fair value through profit or loss and are stated at fair value.

Equity shares

Quoted investments are classified as fair value through profit or loss and are stated at market value as at 30 June.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### 1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Foreign currencies

Foreign currency balances are translated into Kenyan Shillings at the rates of exchange ruling at the end of each reporting period. Transactions during the year are translated at the rates ruling when the transactions are effected. Gains and losses arising from the translations of monetary items are dealt with in the statement of changes in net assets available for benefits. The Scheme had no foreign exchange at 30 June 2021.

### Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and bank balances, deposits and treasury bills maturing within three months from year end.

### Comparatives

Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation in the current year.

### 2 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING THE SCHEME'S ACCOUNTING POLICIES

In the process of applying the Scheme's accounting policies, management has made estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. These are dealt with below:

### Impairment losses on financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Scheme reviews the carrying amounts of its financial assets to determine whether there is any indication that these assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated and an impairment loss is recognised in the statement of changes in net assets available for benefits whenever the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount.

### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Scheme's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, including credit risk and the effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. The scheme's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on its financial performance, but the Scheme does not hedge any risks.

Risk management is carried out by the investment managers of the scheme in accordance with policies approved by the Board of Trustees.

### Market risk

### (i) Foreign exchange risk

The Scheme had no investments in offshore markets at 30 June 2020 and was therefore not exposed to foreign exchange. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions, and recognised assets and liabilities.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT(Continued)

### Market risk(Continued)

### (ii) Price risk

The Scheme is exposed to equity securities price risk because of investments in quoted shares classified at fair value through profit and loss. The Scheme is also exposed to the risk that the value of debt securities will fluctuate due to changes in market value. To manage its price risk arising from investments in equity and debt securities, the Scheme diversifies its portfolio. For equities, the Scheme has invested in companies in different sectors of the economy, while for debt securities; the Scheme has invested in bonds of varying maturities. Diversification of the portfolio is done in accordance with resolutions passed on investments during quarterly trustees' meetings. All quoted shares held by the Scheme are traded on the Nairobi Securities Exchange (NSE).

At 30 June 2022, if the prices of all equity investments had increased/decreased by 5% with all other variables held constant, the increase or decrease in net assets would amount to Shs. 42,639,211 (2021: Shs. 44,203,392). Holding all other factors constant, an impact of a 5% increase or decrease in prices of treasury bonds would have increased or decreased net assets by Shs.163,797,409 (2021: Shs. 140,865,084).

### (iii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The Scheme's interest bearing assets are investments in treasury bonds, corporate bonds, treasury bills and fixed deposits. All of these instruments are at fixed interest rates. The Scheme therefore has no interest rate risk.

### Credit Risk

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, fixed deposits, interest bearing investments, deposits with banks, and receivables. As part of the credit risk management system, the Investment Manager and the Trustees monitor and review information on significant investments. The Trustees have approved a larger portfolio investment with the Government of Kenya debt securities which have a low credit risk and no default record.

### Impairment of financial assets

For the purposes of impairment assessment, the corporate bonds, government securities, are considered to have low credit risk as the counterparties to these investments have a minimum BBB- credit rating. Accordingly, for the purpose of impairment assessment for these financial assets, the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECL.

In determining the expected credit losses for these assets, the Trustees have taken into account the historical default experience, the financial position of the counterparties, as well as the future prospects of the industries in which the issuers of the redeemable notes, bills of exchange and debentures operate obtained from economic expert reports, financial analyst reports and considering various external sources of actual and forecast economic information, as appropriate, in estimating the probability of default of each of these financial assets occurring within their respective loss assessment time horizon, as well as the loss upon default in each case.

There has been no change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the current reporting period in assessing the loss allowance for these financial assets.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

### Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

The following table details the risk profile of receivables based on the Scheme's provisional matrix.

Other receivables – days past due							
2022	Not past due	<30	31 – 60	61 –90	91 – 120	>120	Total
Gross carrying amount at default	19,121,483	•.				*: 	19,121,483
Net Amount	19,121,483 =====	-	-	-		-	19,121,483
		Contr	ibutions –	days past o	iue		
2021	Not past due	<30	31 – 60	61 –90	91 – 120	>120	Total
Gross carrying amount at default	52,032,646	-			( <del></del>	u <del>n</del> s	52,032,646
Net Amount	52,032,646		-	-	_	-	52,032,646

For other receivables, the Scheme has applied the simplified approach in the IFRS 9 to measure the loss allowance. All dividends due are received within one month from the end of the month and thus no need for impairment.

### Impairment requirements under IFRS 9 as at 30 June 2022 (Continued)

No collateral is held for any of the above assets. Except for Imperial bank and Chase bank corporate bonds which was fully impaired, no financial assets are either past due or impaired. Government securities comprise of 58.72% (2021: 59.85%) of the assets subject to credit risk, which is a high concentration. However, it is in line with the Retirement Benefits Authority's limit.

### Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management includes maintaining sufficient cash balances to cover anticipated benefit payments. The trustees agree with the investment manager on the amount to be invested in assets that can be easily liquidated.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

### Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

The table below shows an analysis of financial instruments at fair value by level of the fair value hierarchy. The financial instruments are grouped into levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- ii) Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as a price) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices);and
- iii) Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

	Level	Level	Level	Total
	Shs	Shs	Shs	Shs
30 June 2022	~~~			
Government securities	3,328,555,944	40	y <b>≥</b>	3,328,555,944
Quoted equities	852,784,225	<b>H</b> 3	7.	852,784,225
Investment property	-	<b>#</b> :	1,081,333,606	1,081,333,606
			-	·
	4,181,340,169		1,081,333,606	5,262,673,775
30 June 2021				
Government securities	3,017,064,549	-	<u>.</u>	3,017,064,549
Quoted equities	884,067,837	_	-	884,067,837
Investment property	-	-	1,053,800,000	1,053,800,000
	-	:		
	3,901,132,386	-	1,053,800,000	4,954,932,386
			========	========

NOT	ES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)	2022	2021
4	CONTRIBUTIONS	Shs	Shs
	Employees Employees- Additional Voluntary Contributions (AVC)	438,515,881 219,257,940 2,038,270	393,486,080 196,742,860 1,833,450
		659,812,091 ======	592,062,390 ======
5	TRANSFERS IN		
	Transfers in	77,072	915,622
	Relates to member benefits transferred from other schemes during the	e year	
6	BENEFITS PAYABLE		
	Benefits paid and payable	48,140,311	21,973,252
	Relates to amounts paid to members who leave the Scheme befor paid to members.	e retirement age and r	etirement benefits
7	INVESTMENT INCOME		
	Held to maturity investments		
	Interest from term deposits Interest from corporate bonds	6,219,723 1,505,596	11,118,202 2,318,046
	Investments at fair value through profit or loss		
	Interest from treasury bonds Interest from treasury bills	372,209,125 10,440,125	267,222,702 12,191,315
	Dividend incomes	52,455,935	26,285,470
	Other incomes Refund of Imperial Bank deposit	-	450,243 82,859
		442,830,504	319,668,837
8	INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT EXPENSES		
	Investment manager fees Custodian fees	10,907,378 6,801,108	8,617,831 5,663,240
		17,708,486	14,281,071

NOT	ES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued	d)	
		2022	2021
		Shs	Shs
9	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		
	DDA 1	5,000,000	4,991,229
	RBA levy	12,386,292	13,387,490
	Administrators fees		3,439,674
	Trustees expenses	2,794,618	
	AGM Expenses	346,900	337,640
	Member training expense	109,000	260,000
	Trustees indemnity	449,001	463,906
	Bank charges	370,197	301,447
	Audit fees	360,000	360,000
	Property expenses	363,500	1,980,476
	Trustees training	10,754,551	7,062,304
	Legal fees	400,000	353,400
	Maintenance expenses		44,091
	Member election costs	648,665	
	Depreciation	469,733	-
		24 450 457	22 001 657
		34,452,457	32,981,657
10	OFFICE EQUIPMENT		
	At 1 July	3	
	Purchases	1,409,200	-
	Depreciation charge	(469,733)	
	Net Book Value at 30 June	939,467	
11	TERM DEPOSITS		
	Held to maturity		
	Section of the Control of the Contro		
	Equity Bank Limited	8,503,959	T#
	Cooperative Bank of Kenya	121,083,013	71,778,274
	Imperial Bank Limited	6,135,266	6,135,266
	Less impairment loss	(6,135,266)	(6,135,266)
	NCBA Bank Kenya	<b>=</b> 1	12,032,054
	Kenya Commercial Bank Limited	39,045,371	
	I &M Bank Limited	40,070,137	( <del>-</del>
		208,702,480	83,810,328
	Imperial Bank Limited was impaired in the year ended 31 Dec	======================================	nation is provided
	on the fate of the bank.		
12	OFFSHORE INVESTMENTS		
	At 1 July	<b>■.</b> 	-
	Purchases	55,197,500	₩.
	Fair value change	(7,688,653)	Ħ.
	Market value at 20 June	47,508,847	, <del></del>
	Market value at 30 June	47,500,047	

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

13	TREASURY BILLS	2022 Shs	2021 Shs
	Held to maturity	013	Sils
	At 1 July Purchases during the year Maturity during the year Earned discount Accrued interest	199,762,873 51,900,960 (210,202,998) 10,440,125 706,806 ————————————————————————————————————	297,289,513 196,176,850 (309,480,825) 12,191,315 3,586,020 ———————————————————————————————————
14	TREASURY BONDS		
	At fair value through profit or loss		
	At 1 July Purchases during the year Maturity/disposal during the year Loss on maturity/disposal Fair value (loss)/gain	2,817,301,676 949,472,763 (359,096,618) (6,472,921) (125,256,722)	1,901,594,565 1,236,016,984 (325,215,368) (8,721,510) 13,627,005
	At 30 June	3,275,948,178	2,817,301,676
15	CORPORATE BONDS		
	At fair value through profit or loss		
	East Africa Breweries Limited Chase Bank Limited Impairment of Chase Bank Limited	18,712,954 6,300,000 (6,300,000)	6,300,000 (6,300,000)
		18,712,954 ======	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

QUOTED EQUITY INVESTMENTS (At fair value through profit or loss)

16.(a)

16.(b) UNQU	Units At 01-Jul-21 55,810 2,425,825 314,016 1,944,081 92,807 422,004 3,337,619 511,360 6,500 80,201 414,000 3,429,881 274,170 17,743 128,999 9,649,275	
JOTED EQU 3,066,370 58,114	Additions	
UNQUOTED EQUITY INVESTMENTS - 3,066,370 - 3,066, - 58,114 - 58,	Disposals  (92,807)  (344,720)  (50,036)  (17,700)	
MENTS 3,066,370 58,114	Units At 30-Jun-22 55,810 2,425,825 314,016 1,944,081 - 590,004 3,737,619 166,640 6,500 30,165 414,000 3,854,381 274,170 43 128,999 14,441,025 1,658,475	
Real Estate Investment Trust Everstrong Kenya Infr. Fund	Bamburi Cement Ltd ABSA Group Plc Stanbic Holdings Plc Co-operative Bank (K) Ltd Diamond Trust of Kenya Ltd East African Breweries Ltd Equity Group Holdings Plc I&M Holdings Ltd Scangroup Ltd Standard Chartered Bank Ltd Umeme Limited KCB Group Ltd KPLC Ltd Nation Media Group Plc Safaricom Plc Safaricom Plc MTN Uganda Ltd	
	Market value 01-Jul-21 Shs 1,961,722 24,064,184 25,435,296 26,828,330 5,498,815 76,277,223 149,358,450 11,173,216 33,800 10,406,065 2,666,977 146,284,421 383,838 443,575 3,289,476 399,962,449 -	
65,437,933 6,909,848 72,347,781	Additions  Shs  29,173,646 19,971,355	
	Shs  Shs  (5,411,436)  (7,481,626)  (6,435,545)  (437,808)  (19,766,415)	
	Realised gain/(loss) Shs	
1,105,470 (62,136) 1,043,334	Unrealised gain/(loss) Shs (44,648) 1,285,687 5,573,784 (5,637,847) (24,472,820) (8,612,188) (808,204) (13,780) (150,825) 370,497 (16,742,028) 8,225 (342) (245,100) (214,350,346) (1,168,678) (11,168,678) (265,008,613)	
66,543,403 6,847,712 73,391,115	Market value 30-Jun-22 Shs 1,917,074 25,349,871 31,009,080 21,190,483 - 80,978,049 160,717,617 2,832,880 20,020 3,763,083 3,037,474 148,971,826 392,063 3733 3,044,376 360,303,574 9,256,022	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL	STATEMENTS	(continued)
------------------------	------------	-------------

	ES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)	2022 Shs	2021 Shs
17.	INVESTMENT PROPERTY	Silo	Silv
	At cost		
	At 1 July	1,053,800,000	958,648,258
	Additional costs	27,533,606	7,226,000
	Fair value gain	-	87,925,742
	F-420 F	1,081,333,606	1,053,800,000
	As at 30 June	1,061,333,000	=======================================

Relates to land in Kajiado /Kitengela-6242 and Kajiado/Kaputie North/9072 acquired in 2018. Investment property is stated at fair value.

### 18. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise bank balances and deposits held at call with banks maturing within 3 months after the scheme year end.

	Cash at bank	57,910,146	1,832,906
	Term deposits	208,702,480	83,810,328
		266,612,626	85,643,234 ======
19.	CONTRIBUTIONS DUE		
	Outstanding for less than 30 days	-	52,032,646
20.	OTHER RECEIVABLES		
	Dividends receivable	19,121,483	167,470 
21.	UNPAID BENEFITS		
	Amounts due to leaving members	2,743,562 ======	2,058,200
22.	ACCRUED EXPENSES		
	RBA Levy payable	5,000,000	5,000,000
	Management fees payable	7,652,407	7,940,719
	Administration fees payable	6,193,066	7,274,682
	Custodial fees payable	1,479,060	1,545,459
	Audit fees payable	360,000	360,000
	Property consultancy fees payables	590,870	100,000 337,640
	AGM expenses provision	390,870	
		21,275,403	22,558,500

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### 23. TAXATION

Kenyatta National Hospital Staff Retirement Benefits Scheme 2011 has been approved by the Kenya Revenue Authority and is exempt from income tax on its investment income from the registered portion. Investment income accruing from contributions that are over and above KShs 20,000 per employee per month, net of tax allowable expenses are taxed at the corporate rate of 30%.

		2022 Shs	2021 Shs
	Tax charge for the year	2,564,329	1,379,965
		=======	
	Balance at start of year	535,423	289,372
	Tax chargefor the year	2,564,329	1,379,965
	Tax paid during the year	(2,053,383)	(1,133,914)
	Balance at end of year	1,046,369	535,423
24.	NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR		
	At 1 July	5,067,623,613	3,951,083,026
	Net increase in assets during the year	596,271,320	1,116,540,587
		9	
	At 30 June	5,663,894,933	5,067,623,613 ======

### 25. RELATED TRANSACTIONS

Related parties comprise the trustees, the founder, and companies which are related to the parties through common shareholdings or common directorships. Balances received and due from the sponsor Kenyatta National Hospital, in respect of contributions receivable are disclosed in Notes 4 and 19.

### 26. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

There were no contingent liabilities of the scheme at 30 June 2022.

### 27. CURRENCY

The financial statements are presented in Kenya Shillings (Shs).